A manual for pGreen3-based CRISPR ternary vector system

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A pGreen3 CRISPR binary vector list

Since morphogenic regulator (MR) genes and their promoters are usually species-specific, MR components from maize may not work in other plants, especially in dicot plants. However, ternary vector systems harboring no MR modules are still able to greatly enhance transformation of plants, such as sorghum (Che et al. Plant Biotechnol J. 2018, 16: 1388-1395). Therefore, we generated a set of pGreen3 CRISPR/Cas9 binary vectors harboring no MR genes (Figure 1 and Table 1, Zhang et al. Plant Physiol, 2019, DOI: 10.1104/pp.19.00767, and unpublished data). These vectors and the virulence helper pVS1-VIR2 can constitute a ternary vector system for genome editing in a variety of dicot and monocot plants. In pG3B/H/K-U6SC/-U6EC1, the U6:sgRNA cassettes can be replaced by digestion with HindIII and Spel, the Cas9 promoters can be replaced by digestion with Spel and Xbal and Gibson assembly, and SpCas9 can be replaced by digestion with Xbal and Sacl. Thus, the pGreen3 vectors can be easily modified to meet users' requirement.

| | | | • Bar |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | • 35SCp | • Hyg |
| • AtU6-26p | • AtU6-29t | • EC1p | • Kan |
| OsU3p | TaU3t | • Ubi1p | Gly & Bar |
| RB=Pol3p=MCS (BB)=sgl | RNA=Terminator=== | == <mark>Pol2p=</mark> SpCas9=Rbc | S-E9t Selection = LB |
| Pol2/3p, Polymerase | e II/III promoters | Vec | tor list: |
| 35SCp, 35S-CmYLCV | fusion promoter | • p | G3B/H/K-U6SC |
| EC1p, EC1.2-EC1.1 fusion promoter | | • p | G3B/H/K-U6EC1 |
| MCS, multiple clonii | ng sites | • k | G3B/H-U3Ub |
| BB. two Bsal sites for sgRNA assembly | | • 1 | G3GB411 |

• BB, two Bsal sites for sgRNA assembly

Figure 1. T-DNA structures of pGreen3 CRISPR binary vectors harboring no MR genes. These vectors and the virulence helper pVS1-VIR2 can constitute a ternary vector system for genome editing in a variety of dicot and monocot plants.

| | | • | • | |
|--------------|-----------|------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Vector | Selection | sgRNA cassette | Cas9 cassette | MR module |
| pG3B-U6SC | Bar | U6_26p-BB-sgRNA-U6_29t | 35SCp:Cas9 | - |
| pG3H-U6SC | Hyg | U6_26p-BB-sgRNA-U6_29t | 35SCp:Cas9 | - |
| pG3K-U6SC | Kan | U6_26p-BB-sgRNA-U6_29t | 35SCp:Cas9 | - |
| pG3B-U6EC1 | Bar | U6_26p-BB-sgRNA-U6_29t | EC1p:Cas9 | - |
| pG3H-U6EC1 | Hyg | U6_26p-BB-sgRNA-U6_29t | EC1p:Cas9 | - |
| pG3K-U6EC1 | Kan | U6_26p-BB-sgRNA-U6_29t | EC1p:Cas9 | - |
| pG3H-U3Ub | Hyg | OsU3p-BB-sgRNA-TaU3t | Ubi1p:Cas9 | - |
| pG3B-U3Ub | Bar | OsU3p-BB-sgRNA-TaU3t | Ubi1p:Cas9 | - |
| pG3GB411 | Gly & Bar | OsU3p-BB-sgRNA-TaU3t | Ubi1p:Cas9 | - |
| pG3GB411-BWM | Gly & Bar | OsU3p-BB-sgRNA-TaU3t | Ubi1p:Cas9 | + |

Table 1. The pGreen3 CRISPR/Cas9 binary vectors

Two additional pCambia2 control vectors, pGB411 and pGB411-BWM (unpublished data) have the same T-DNA structures as pG3GB411 and pG3GB411-BWM, respectively. 35SCp, 35S-CmYLCV fusion promoter; EC1p, EC1.2-EC1.1 fusion promoter.

Simplified protocol of assembly of one or two sgRNA cassettes

- 1. Search for target sites on websites, such as <u>http://crispor.tefor.net/</u>. Select those targets with both high specificity score and high editing efficiency score.
- 2. Order two 23-nt oligos for generation of a single sgRNA cassette, or order four primers for generation of two sgRNA cassettes. See the corresponding parts of this manual for oligo design, primer design, and PCR reaction.
- 3. Set up Golden Gate reactions as follows:

| Component | Volume | Reaction conditions |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| Inserts (0.05 μM) or | 2l | |
| purified PCR framents (~25 ng/µl) | 2 μι | 5 hours at 37°C |
| Vectors (~100 ng/µl) | 2 µl | 5 min at 50°C |
| 10× T4 DNA Ligase Buffer (NEB) | 1.5 µl | 10 min at 80°C |
| 10× BSA | 1.5 µl | |
| Bsal (NEB) | 1 µl | NOTE: It is essential to use a |
| T4 DNA Ligase (HC, NEB) | 1 µl | High Concentration (HC) Ligase |
| ddH ₂ O | 6 µl | (2 million units/ml, NEB) |
| Total volume | 15 µl | |

- 4. Transform *E.coli* competent cells with 5 μl of reaction mixture, and select positive clones on kanamycin LB agar plates.
- 5. Identify correct clones by colony PCR and verify them by sequencing.

Oligos or primers for generation of one or two sgRNA cassettes for dicots

Two 23-nt oligos are required for generation of a single sgRNA cassette, and four primers are required for generation of two sgRNA cassettes.

Sequences of two 23-nt oligos for generation of a single sgRNA cassette

oDT-F: 5'-ATTGNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN oDT-R: 5'-AAACNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN Notes:

- 1. The 19-nt N in oDT-F represent a 19-nt target sequence in front of PAM (NGG), whereas those in oDT-R represent reverse complement sequence of target in oDT-F.
- 2. No phosphorylation is required for the oligos.
- 3. An insert with the compatible ends is generated by annealing the two oligos.

Sequence of one sgRNA expression cassette for dicots

(U6-26p)-(<u>Target-1)</u>-(sgRNA-Sc)-(U6-29t/S)

Notes:

- 1. Underlined letters come from the insert generated by annealing the two oligos, while the rest come from the binary vectors.
- 2. Boxed letters indicate primer sites.
- 3. Primer sequences are as follows:

Colony PCR primers $(5' \rightarrow 3')$:

U6-26p-F: TGTCCCAGGATTAGAATGATTAGGC U6-29t-R: AAGGATCATGAGAGCTGAAACACGC (U6-26p-F + U6-29t-R = 413 bp) Sequencing primers (5' \rightarrow 3'): U6-26p-F

Sequences of a PCR fragment and primers for generation of two sgRNA cassettes

A PCR fragment:

(Target-1)-(sgRNA-Sc)-(U6-26t/S)-(U6-29p)-(Target-2)

Length: 496-bp

Template: pCBC-DT1T2.2 (a modified version of pCBC-DT1T2 with U6-26t shortened)

Primers:

DT1-F0: GNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGC

DT2-BsR: ATTATTGGTCTCGAAACNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN

Notes: The 19-nt N in DT1-BsF/-F0 represent a 19-nt target sequence in front of PAM (NGG for SpCas9), whereas those in DT2-BsR/-R0 represent reverse complement sequence of another target.

A representative PCR reaction:

| Component | Volume | Cycling conditions |
|-------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| 10× KOD plus Buffer | 5 µl | |
| MgSO4 (25mM) | 3 µl | |
| dNTPs (2mM, Toyobo) | 4 µl | |
| KOD plus (Toyobo) | 1 µl | 1 One system 04 °C 2 min |
| pCBC-DT1T2.2 (10 ng/µl) | 1 µl | 1. One cycle: 94 °C, 2 mm. |
| DT1-BsF (20 μM) | 1 µl | 2. 50 cycles: 54 C, 15 sec, |
| DT1-F0 (1 μM) | 1 µl | 3 One cycle: 68 °C 5 min |
| DT2-R0 (1 μM) | 1 µl | |
| DT2-BsR (20 μM) | 1 µl | |
| ddH ₂ O | 32 µl | |
| Total volume | 50 µl | |

Sequence of two sgRNA expression cassettes for dicots

| U6-26p)-(<u>Target-1</u>)-(<mark>sgRNA-Sc</mark>)-(U6-26t/S)-(<mark>U6-29p</mark>)-(Targe | <mark>et-2)</mark> -(<mark>sgRNA-Sc</mark>)-(U6-29t/S) |
|---|--|
|---|--|

Notes:

- 1. Underlined letters come from the PCR fragment, while the rest come from the binary vectors, such as pG3B/H/K-U6SC and pG3B/H/K-U6EC1.
- 2. Boxed letters indicate primer sites.
- 3. Primer sequences are as follows:

| Colony PCR primers (5'→3'): | Sequencing primers $(5' \rightarrow 3')$: |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| U6-26p-F2: CTGAAAGAAGAAGAAGCAGGCCCATT | U6-26p-F2 |
| U6-29p-R: AGCCCTCTTCTTTCGATCCATCAAC | |
| (U6-26p-F2 + U6-29p-R = 490 bp) | |

Oligos or primers for generation of one or two sgRNA cassettes for monocots

Two 23-nt oligos are required for generation of a single sgRNA cassette, and four primers are required for generation of two sgRNA cassettes.

Sequences of two 23-nt oligos for generation of a single sgRNA cassette

oMT-F: 5'-GGCGNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN oMT-R: 5'-AAACNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN Notes:

- 1. The 19-nt N in oMT-F represent a 19-nt target sequence in front of PAM (NGG), whereas those in oMT-R represent reverse complement sequence of target in oMT-F.
- 2. No phosphorylation is required for the oligos.

Sequence of one sgRNA expression cassette for monocots

(<mark>OsU3p</mark>)-<u>(Target-1)</u>-(<mark>sgRNA-Sc</mark>)-(TaU3t)

Notes:

- 1. Underlined letters come from the insert generated by annealing the two oligos, while the rest come from the binary vectors.
- 2. Boxed letters indicate primer sites.
- 3. Primer sequences are as follows:

Colony PCR primers $(5' \rightarrow 3')$:

OsU3p-F3: GACAGGCGTCTTCTACTGGTGCTAC TaU3t-R: AACCACCCAAGATGTTGTACTTCTG (OsU3p-F3 + TaU3t-R = 427 bp) Sequencing primers (5' \rightarrow 3'): OsU3p-F3

Sequences of a PCR fragment and primers for generation of two sgRNA cassettes

A PCR fragment:

(Target-1)-(sgRNA-Sc)-(OsU3t/S)-(TaU3p)-(Target-2)

Length: 722-bp

Template: pCBC-MT1T2.2 (a modified version of pCBC-MT1T2 with OsU3t shortened)

Primers:

MT1-BsF: ATATTATGGTCTCTGGC<mark>GNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN</mark>GTT

MT2-R0: AACNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNCGCTTCTTGGTGCC

MT2-BsR: ATTTATTGGTCTCTAAACNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN

Notes: The 19-nt N in DT1-BsF/-F0 represent a 19-nt target sequence in front of PAM (NGG for SpCas9), whereas those in DT2-BsR/-R0 represent reverse complement sequence of another target.

A representative PCR reaction:

| Component | Volume | Cycling conditions |
|-------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| 10× KOD plus Buffer | 5 µl | |
| MgSO4 (25mM) | 3 µl | |
| dNTPs (2mM, Toyobo) | 4 µl | |
| KOD plus (Toyobo) | 1 µl | 1 One pueles 04 °C 2 min |
| pCBC-MT1T2.2 (10 ng/µl) | 1 µl | 1. One cycle: 94 C, 2 mm. |
| MT1-BsF (20 μM) | 1 µl | 2. 30 cycles: 94 C, 15 sec; |
| MT1-F0 (1 μM) | 1 µl | 3 One cycle: 68 °C 5 min |
| MT2-R0 (1 μM) | 1 µl | 5. One cycle. 08 C, 5 mm |
| MT2-BsR (20 μM) | 1 µl | |
| ddH ₂ O | 32 µl | |
| Total volume | 50 µl | - |

Sequence of two sgRNA expression cassettes for monocots

(OsU3p)-(Target-1)-(sgRNA-Sc)-(OsU3t/S)-(TaU3p)-(Target-2)-(sgRNA-Sc)-(TaU3t/S)

AGTAATTCATCCAGGTCACCAAGTTCTAGGATTTTCAGAACTGCAACTTATTTTATCAAGGAATCTTTAAACATACGAACAGAT CACTTAAAGTTCTTCTGAAGCAACTTAAAGTTATCAGGCTTGCATGGATCTTGGAGGAATCAGATGTGCAGTCAGGGACCAT AGCACAA<mark>GACAGGCGTCTTCTACTGGTGCTAC</mark>CAGCAAATGCTGGAAGCCGGGAACACTGGGTACGTTGGAAACCACGTG ATGTGAAGAAGTAAGATAAACTGTAGGAGAAAAGCATTTCGTAGTGGGCCATGAAGCCTTTCAGGACATGTATTGCAGTATG GGCCG<mark>GCCCATTACGCAATTGGACGACAAC</mark>AAAGTCTAGTATTAGTACCACCTCGGCTATCCACATAGATCAAAGCTGATTT AAAAGAGTTGTGCAGATGATCCGTGGC<mark>GNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAGTTA</mark> <mark>AAATAAGGCTAGTCCGTTATCAACTTGAAAAAGTGGCACCGAGTCGGTGC</mark>TTTTTTTTTCGTTTTGCATTGAGTTTTCCCC<u>G</u> IGAATATTATATCTGTCGTGCAAAATTGCCTGGCCTGCACAATTGCTGTTATAGTTGGCGGCAGGGAGAGTTTTAACATT<mark>GAC</mark> **TAGCGTGCTGATAATTTGTGAG**AAATAATAATTGACAAGTAGATACTGACATTTGAGAAGAGCTTCTGAACTGTTATTAGTA/ TCCTTCTAAAAGCTCCCGCCGAGGGGCGCTGCGCGCTGCTGCGCAGCAGCACGTCTAACATTAGTCCCACCTCGCCAGTTTAC **3CTAGAAATAGCAAGTTAAAATAAGGCTAGTCCGTTATCAACTTGAAAAAGTGGCACCGAGTCGGTGC**TTTTTTTTTGTCC TTCTGTTTTTTAGTCAGTCTCTTTTTTCAGAAGTACAACATCTT

Notes:

- 1. Underlined letters come from the PCR fragment, while the rest come from the binary vectors, such as pG3B/H-U3Ub, pG3GB411, and pG3GB411-BWM.
- 2. Boxed letters indicate primer sites.
- 3. Primer sequences are as follows:

Colony PCR primers $(5' \rightarrow 3')$: OsU3p-F4: GCCCATTACGCAATTGGACGACAAC TaU3p-R: CTCACAAATTATCAGCACGCTAGTC (OsU3p-F4 + TaU3p-R = 421 bp)

Sequencing primers (5'→3'): OsU3p-F4

Identify correct clones of MR vectors by additional colony PCR

The > 8-kb MR modules may cause the binary vectors to become unstable during assembly process of sgRNA cassettes. Therefore, additional colony PCR reactions are required for identification of positive clones of MR vectors. Please note: small colonies are more probable to be positive clones than large colonies if these two types of colonies co-exist in the same LB agar plates. Sequences of primers for additional colony PCR reactions for identification of MR vectors, such as pG3GB411-BWM, are as follows:

zCas9-IDF: cggcctcgatattgggactaactctGly-zCas9-IDR: cttatctgtggagtccacgagcttcGly-zCas9-IDF + zCas9-IDR = 424-bpGly-Rab17-IDF: agttgtagaaactacacttagaaccBar-Rab17-IDR: ggattttaccggtgctcatccattattcBar-Rab17-IDF + Rab17-IDR = 450-bpBar-mCherry-IDF2: gcaggacggcgagttcatctacHSPt-IDR: ccatagtccatagcacatacmCherry-IDF2 + HSPt-IDR = 615-bpState

Gly-IDF: cgatgggccgcgtgttgaac Gly-IDR: caaggcgcgggttgatgact Gly-IDF + Gly-IDR = 505-bp Bar-IDF: ctgcaccatcgtcaaccactac Bar-IDR: cagaaacccacgtcatgccagt Bar-IDF+Bar-IDR = 429-bp